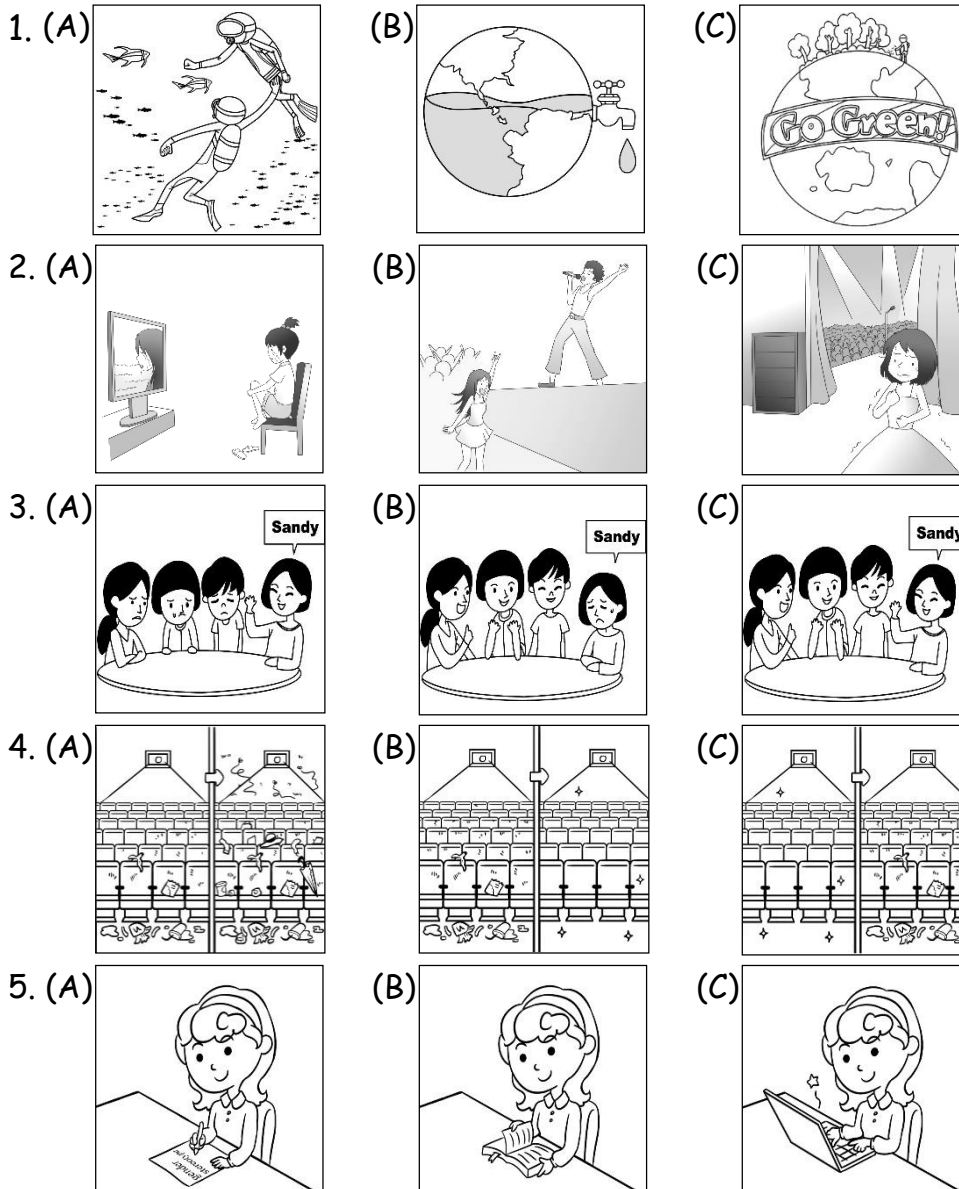


【試 題 卷】

Class: \_\_\_\_\_ Name: \_\_\_\_\_ No. \_\_\_\_\_

【聽 力 測 驗】

一、辨識句意：請依據所聽到的句子，選出符合描述的圖片(10%)



二、基本問答：請依據所聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應(10%)

6. (A) He will be as blind as a bat.  
(B) He will be as mad as a wet hen.  
(C) He will have a frog in his throat.
7. (A) No. The delivery is free.  
(B) Yes. It says it's two blocks away.  
(C) Yes. It should be here in ten minutes.
8. (A) You never listen to me at all.  
(B) He can't speak English after all.  
(C) I don't, either. He is not an honest man.

9. (A) I'm going to give you a present from Japan.  
 (B) Don't worry. I will be there at three o'clock.  
 (C) I'll show everyone the dark side of fast fashion.
10. (A) Doing housework is women's duty.  
 (B) People lose their jobs because of their age.  
 (C) People often make jokes about fat people on the Internet.
- 三、言談理解：請依據所聽到的對話與問題，選出一個最適當的答案(10%)
11. (A) They are wet. (B) They smell bad. (C) They aren't warm enough.
12. (A) The man isn't allowed to go camping this time.  
 (B) The man used to go camping with the woman very often.  
 (C) The man became interested in camping because of a movie.
13. (A) Because they are going to present a report there.  
 (B) Because they are going to ask people there some questions.  
 (C) Because they are going to help the workers build a new airport.
14. (A) The man thinks now is the right time to take action to save the environment.  
 (B) To save the ocean animals, people should use plastic tableware more often than before.  
 (C) The video shows that stopping using disposable tableware can cut down on plastic waste.
15. (A) Even if the students like the ending of the story, they still need to write a new one for it.  
 (B) If the students haven't read the story, they have to tell the teacher the reason in their homework.  
 (C) If the students don't like the ending of the story, they are allowed to present their new ones in different ways.

#### 四、文法與對話選擇 (30%)

16. A : Excuse me, can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ I should do to get the free ticket?  
 B : Sure, you should buy ten books at a time.  
 (A) how (B) why (C) when (D) what
17. We don't know \_\_\_\_\_ it will rain tomorrow or not.  
 (A) what (B) when (C) whether (D) weather
18. A : The story sounds scary. How did you know that?  
 B : It \_\_\_\_\_ in yesterday's newspaper.  
 (A) reports (B) reported (C) was reported (D) has reported
19. A : Where can we see fortune cookies (幸運籤餅)?  
 B : They \_\_\_\_\_ in Chinese restaurants in the USA.  
 (A) can see (B) be seen (C) can is seen (D) can be seen
20. Helen : Andy, is the soup ready? It \_\_\_\_\_ for two hours.  
 Andy : Oh, yes. It's ready. Just turn the fire off.  
 (A) cooks (B) is cooked (C) was cooked (D) has been cooked
21. Kevin wanted to know \_\_\_\_\_ his friends would come to his party, \_\_\_\_\_ he checked with all of them.  
 (A) if; so (B) why; if (C) how; after (D) who; though
22. We have to protect (保護) the Earth, \_\_\_\_\_ we? It \_\_\_\_\_ not just for us but for our future generations (一代人).  
 (A) do; is (B) don't; is (C) have; has (D) haven't; does

23. A : The washing machine \_\_\_\_\_ since 2005.  
 B : Wow, it's really old. I can't believe that it is still \_\_\_\_\_ well.  
 (A) is used; working (B) has used; worked  
 (C) been used; worked (D) has been used; working
24. A : Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ a good friend?  
 B : A good friend knows \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) how to do; his friend needs (B) how to be; what his friend needs  
 (C) what to be; does his friend need (D) what to do; what does his friend need
25. Michelle wants to know \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) her husband spent how much money last night  
 (B) how much her husband spent money last night  
 (C) how much money her husband spent last night  
 (D) how much money did her husband spend last night
26. Andy : Mom, I am running out of (用完) money.  
 Mom : Why do you spend money so quickly? \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) Is that your money? (B) Do you know how much it is?  
 (C) Tell me how you spent it. (D) Your money is safe in the bank.
27. The man didn't remember \_\_\_\_\_. So, when it started raining, he ran out to check on his car.  
 (A) if he closed his car windows (B) how he got his car windows opened  
 (C) that his car windows were new (D) when his car windows were washed
28. Roger : Why is Lily always wearing that red dress? I don't think the dress fits her.  
 Grace : Well... \_\_\_\_\_ She thinks she looks good in red.  
 (A) Put yourself in her shoes. (B) Everyone has their own opinions.  
 (C) I couldn't agree with you more. (D) She looks ugly in that dress, doesn't she?
29. A : Tina plans to take a two-month trip alone next month.  
 B : It's dangerous for a girl to do that.  
 A : Don't worry. \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) She will never do us wrong. (B) She is old enough to take care of herself.  
 (C) It is widely used in many countries. (D) Going on a trip in summer is a good choice.
30. Maggie always \_\_\_\_\_. She is right to be our class leader (領導者).  
 (A) hates everyone in the class (B) feels bored with watching movies  
 (C) puts herself in others' shoes (D) raises questions about gender stereotypes

## 五、克漏字與閱讀測驗 (20%)

Ray : Wow, what a year! So many things happened last year.  
 Erin : 31. What happened in the beginning of the year feels like ages ago.  
 Ray : Can you imagine what to say when people ask about this time in the future?  
 Erin : I know many dictionaries choose one English word to sum up the year.  
 Ray : That's interesting. What's the word for 2020?  
 Erin : There's no surprise that "Covid" was chosen by the American Dialect Society (美國方言學會) for the year.  
 Ray : That was a stupid question, 32.?  
 Erin : Not really. Like what we talked about, so many things happened in 2020. Another example, "BLM," which stands for "Black Lives Matter", 33..  
 Ray : I remember seeing a lot about that topic in the news.  
 Erin : That's why Oxford (牛津) English Dictionary decided not to choose only one word.

Ray : I can see their point, too. What about in the past? Is there anything special?

Erin : I was just looking it up! In 2015, an emoji was chosen. You can also see how smartphones  
34. the way people talk to each other.

Ray : To be honest, I didn't know there's so much meaning behind it.

Erin : Me neither. I hope we will have some good words that mean more fun this year.

📖 beginning 開頭 imagine 想像 sum up 總結 emoji 表情符號 meaning 意義 neither 也不

31. (A) I was so excited. (B) It was filled with love.  
(C) I couldn't agree more. (D) I don't mind giving it a try.
32. (A) was I (B) wasn't I (C) was it (D) wasn't it
33. (A) has been agreed over the years  
(B) should be learned by more people  
(C) will be seen everywhere in the near future  
(D) was also thought to be one of the words of the year
34. (A) was changed (B) have changed (C) will be changed (D) have been changed

People on the Internet were asked about a new cellphone by a popular company. Here are four of the comments.



**Jacob**

**How's Asusa's new cellphone, X-Cite?**

I learned that Asusa's X-Cite was released some time ago, and I can't wait to try it. Has anyone used this phone? I'm interested in buying a new cellphone.

**Cellboy**

**RE : How's Asusa's new cellphone, X-Cite?**

I got my X-Cite three months ago, and it's the greatest phone ever. It connects to the Internet super fast and has a lot of memory. The camera is built-in, and it's super sharp!

**Phonegeek**

**RE : How's Asusa's new cellphone, X-Cite?**

This model was not made very well and should not be bought. Like you, I was excited about getting my hands on one. However, it didn't work as well as I thought it would. Calls are dropped, and the battery wasn't made to last very long.

**Screenprincess**

**RE : How's Asusa's new cellphone, X-Cite?**

There's nothing good about this cellphone except for its looks. Once you get past that, it's just a boring old phone. It's a waste of money if you ask me.

📖 comment 評論 release 發行 connect 連結  
built-in 內建的 sharp 清晰的 drop 斷訊  
battery 電池

35. How does Jacob feel about Asusa's X-Cite?

- (A) He is excited about it.  
(C) It doesn't interest him.

- (B) He is bored with it already.  
(D) It is less than surprising to him.

36. What do we learn from the reading?

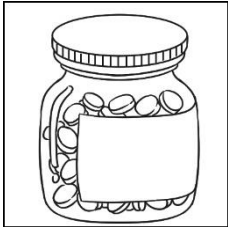
- (A) All Asusa's phones are not made well.  
(B) The phone is liked by half the people.  
(C) Jacob decided to buy X-Cite in the end.  
(D) Jacob was told to buy X-Cite by only one person.

37. Which is true about the X-Cite phone?

- (A) It has a great camera.  
(B) It has a strong battery.  
(C) It has very little memory.  
(D) Its calls are never dropped.

The other day, Renata felt a little weak and sick. She didn't think that staying home was the right thing to do, so she went to a doctor near her apartment.

There were a lot of people there that day, but it didn't take Renata long to see the doctor. When the doctor asked her what was wrong with her, she told him she had a bad cough, a headache, and a fever. After that, he checked her out and told her not to worry. At last, he gave her some medicine.



Here is what it says on the bottle.

1. Take one pill with water after each meal and before going to bed.
  2. Do not take the medicine with coffee, tea, milk, or other drinks.
  3. If you suffer any side effects or don't feel well after taking the medicine, see your doctor right away.
  4. If there is no change in how you feel after two days, talk to your doctor and get his or her help.
- Don't take the medicine past its expiration date. It's not safe.
  - Keep the medicine out of reach of children and away from heat and sunlight.
  - Don't share the medicine with someone else.

reach 伸手可及的距離

📖 cough 咳嗽 pill 藥丸 suffer 受折磨 side effect 副作用 expiration date 到期日

38. Which is NOT true about Renata?

📖 temperature 溫度

- (A) Her head hurts.  
(B) Her throat is sore.  
(C) She has a cough.  
(D) Her temperature is a little high.

39. How should the medicine be taken?

(A) With food and coffee.

(B) With water during each meal.

(C) With water after eating.

(D) With tea before going to sleep.

40. Where should the medicine be kept?

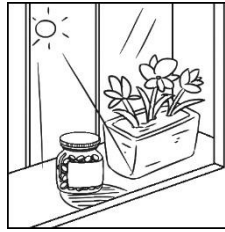
(A)



(B)



(C)



(D)



## 六、文意字彙 (20%) 【稍錯全扣】

1. Everyone has to be honest and take r\_\_\_\_\_y for their job, don't they?

2. A: Thanks for your help. B: Not at all. It's my p\_\_\_\_\_e to work with you.

3. We don't understand what you are saying. Could you please e\_\_\_\_\_n it to us again?

4. People used to contact (聯絡) their friends by writing e\_\_\_\_\_ls. Now, they usually use LINE instead.

5. My sister is an e\_\_\_\_\_r. She can write computer programs (程式), and she works in a big computer company.

6. "To be, or not to be, that is the question." is a famous q\_\_\_\_\_e from Shakespeare's (莎士比亞) *Hamlet* (哈姆雷特).

7. In English, the past tense (時態) of a verb (動詞), like walked and talked, is usually f\_\_\_\_\_med by adding "ed."

8. People were so b\_\_\_\_\_n away by the actress' acting in the TV show. She is expected (被期待) to win the Oscar for Best Actress this year.

9. The new Swedish (瑞典的) home furnishing (居家用品) company will c\_\_\_\_\_e at least one hundred new jobs. People in Chiayi are quite happy about it.

10. *Extraordinary Attorney Woo* (非常律師禹英禑) tells the story of an autistic (自閉症的) l\_\_\_\_\_r who has a unique (獨特的) way of looking at things as well as speaking for people in court (法院).

# 嘉義市北興國中 111 學年度第一學期第二次段考英語科三年級

## 【答 案 卷】

Class: \_\_\_\_\_ Name: \_\_\_\_\_ No. \_\_\_\_\_

讀 卡 成 績	非 選 成 績	總 分

### 六、文意字彙 (20%)【稍錯全扣】

1.		2.		3.		4.		5.	
6.		7.		8.		9.		10.	